VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY

Midnapore, West Bengal



PROPOSED CURRICULUM&SYLLABUS (DRAFT) OF

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (HONOURS) MAJOR IN CHEMISTRY

4-YEAR UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMME

(w.e.f. Academic Year 2023-2024)

Based on

Curriculum & Credit Framework for Undergraduate Programmes (CCFUP), 2023& NEP, 2020

VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (HONOURS) MAJOR IN CHEMISTRY (under CCFUP, 2023)

Level	YR.	SEM	Course	Course Code	Course Title	Credit	L-T-P	Marks				
			Type					CA	ESE	TOTAL		
	3rd	V	SEMESTER-V									
			Major-8	CEMHMJ08	T: Inorganic Chemistry-III; P: Practical	4	3-0-1	15	60	75		
			Major-9	CEMHMJ09	T: Physical Chemistry-III; P: Practical	4	3-0-1	15	60	75		
			Major-10	CEMHMJ10	T: Organic Chemistry-IV; P: Practical	4	3-0-1	15	60	75		
			Major	CEMHDSE1	Advanced Physical Chemistry-I OR	4	3-1-0/	15	60	75		
			Elective-01		Advanced Physical Chemistry-II		3-0-1					
			Minor-5	CEMMIN05	T: Organic Chemistry – III & Physical Chemistry - IV;	4	3-0-1	15	60	75		
			(DiscI)		P: Practical (To be taken from other Discipline)							
		Semester-V Total								375		
			SEMESTER-VI									
B.Sc.			Major-11	CEMHMJ11	T: Inorganic Chemistry-IV; P: Practical	4	3-0-1	15	60	75		
(Hons.)			Major-12	CEMHMJ12	T: Physical Chemistry-IV; P: Practical	4	3-0-1	15	60	75		
			Major-13	CEMHMJ13	T: Organic Chemistry-V; P: Practical	4	3-0-1	15	60	75		
		VI	Major	CEMHDSE2	Analytical Methods in Chemistry OR	4	3-1-0/	15	60	75		
			Elective-02		Inorganic Materials Of Industrial Importance		3-0-1					
			Minor-6	CEMMIN06	T: Inorganic Chemistry-IV & Organic Chemistry-IV;	4	3-0-1	15	60	75		
			(DiscII)		P: Practical (To be taken from other Discipline)							
		Semester-VI Total								375		
					YEAR-3	40				750		
		Eligible to be awarded Bachelor of Science in Anthropologyon Exit					Marks	Year: I	+ II + III)	2325		

MJ = Major, MI = Minor Course, DSE = Discipline Specific Elective Course, CA= Continuous Assessment, ESE= End Semester Examination, T = Theory, P= Practical, L-T-P = Lecture-Tutorial-Practical

SEMESTER-V

MAJOR (MJ)

MAJOR-8: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-III **Credits 04; FM-75** (Theory-03, Practical-01)

MJ8T: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-III

Credits 03 (Theory: 45 Lectures)

A. Coordination Chemistry-I:

(8 Lectures)

Coordinate bonding: double and complex salts. Werner's theory of coordination complexes, Classification of ligands, Ambidentate ligands, chelates, Coordination numbers, IUPAC nomenclature of coordination complexes (up to two metal centers), Isomerism in coordination compounds constitutional and stereo isomerism, Geometrical and optical isomerism in square planar and octahedral complexes

B. Coordination Chemistry-II:

(30 Lectures)

CFT: VB description and its limitations. Elementary Crystal Field Theory: splitting of dⁿconfigurations in octahedral, square planar and tetrahedral, crystal field stabilization energy (CFSE) in weak and strong fields; pairing energy. Factors affecting Δ , Spectrochemical series (including Irving-Williams Series), Jahn- Teller distortion (including dynamic and static), octahedral site stabilization energy (OSSE). Applications of CFSE (spinel structure determination, variation of some physical properties across a period: Ionic radii & Lattice, Limitations of CFT. Metal-ligand bonding (MO concept): Basic differences between CFT & LFT, σ - and π -bonding in octahedral and tetrahedral complexes (qualitative pictorial approach), effects of the π - bonding on the oxidation states of transitional metals. MO approach for explaining spectrochemical series of ligands.

Magnetic properties, Electronic transition and Colour of the Co-ordination compounds: Orbital and spin magnetic moments, spin only and effective (Orbital Contribution) magnetic moments of co-ordination compounds, paramagnetic susceptibility &Curie-Weiss law(without derivation), concept of ferro&ferri-magnetism, quenching of magnetic moment: super exchange and antiferromagnetic interactions (elementary idea with examples only). Spin crossover (SCO) phenomenon (Spin state equilibrium)

d-d electronic transitions; L-S coupling; qualitative Orgel diagrams for 3d¹ to 3d⁹ions,Nephelauxetic effect, Raacah parameter. Selection rules for electronic spectral transitions (Laporte and spin selection rule); spectrochemical series of ligands; Colour of co-ordination compounds, charge transfer spectra.

C. Chemistry of d- block elements (3d, 4d & 5d): (7 Lectures)

General comparison of 3d, 4d and 5d elements in term of electronic configuration, oxidation states, redox properties, Structure and bonding of Cr₂(μ-O₂CCH₃)₄(H₂O)₂,Re₂Cl₈²⁻ and W₂Cl₉³⁻. Study of the following compounds with emphasis on preparation, properties and uses: KMnO₄, K₂Cr₂O₇, Ruthenium red, Creutz-Taube complex.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Huheey, J. E.; Keiter, E.A. &Keiter, R.L. Inorganic Chemistry, Principles of Structure and Reactivity 4th Ed., Harper Collins 1993, Pearson, 2006.
- 2. Figgis, B.N; Introduction to Ligand Fields.
- 3. Greenwood, N.N. & Earnshaw A. Chemistry of the Elements, Butterworth-Heinemann. 1997.
- 4. Cotton, F.A., Wilkinson, G., Murrillo, C. A., Bochmann, M., Advanced Inorganic Chemistry 6th Ed. 1999., Wiley.

MJ8P: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY LABORATORY- III (Credit 01; 30 hrs.)

A. Complexometric titration using EDTA:

- 1. Estimation of Zn(II).
- 2. Estimation of Ca(II)
- 3. Estimation of Ca(II) and Mg(II) in a mixture.
- 4. Estimation of Total Hardness of water.

B. Spectrophotometry (determination of 10Dq and λ_{max}):

- 1. Measurement of 10Dq by spectrophotometric method.
- 2. Determination of λ_{max} of [Mn(acac)₃] and [Fe(acac)₃] complexes.

C. Estimation of metal content in some selective samples:

1. Estimation of Cr and Mn in Steel.

2.	Estimation	of a	vailable	chlorine	in	bleac	hing	powder.
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3. Estimation of Ca ²⁺ an	$d Mg^{2+} of$	dolomite.
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Suggested Readings:

Mendham, J., A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Pearson, 2009. Ghosal, Mahapatra and Nath; An Advanced course in practical Chemistry.

MAJOR-9: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-III Credits 04; FM- 75 (Theory-03, Practical-01)

MJ9T: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-III Credits 03 (Theory: 45 Lectures)

Course contents:

A. STATES OF MATTER: PART-2 (LIQUID STATE)

(11 Lectures)

- (I) General properties of liquid state. Short range order and long range disorder, Internal pressure,
- (II) Viscosity: Definition and units. Viscosity as a transport phenomenon, Streamlined motion and turbulent motion. Critical velocity and Reynold's number, Newton's law of viscosity, viscosity coefficient; Newtonian and non-Newtonian fluids. Poiseuille's equation, Determination of viscosity coefficient of a liquid using Ostwald viscometer. Terminal velocity and Stoke's law. Determination of viscosity coefficient of liquids by falling sphere method. Viscosity of gas, relation between viscosity coefficient and mean free path. Temperature dependence of viscosity coefficient of gas and liquid and their comparison. Determination of viscosity activation energy. Determination of viscosity average molar mass of a macromolecule.
- (III) Surface tension: Definition and units. Surface energy, Molecular theory of surface tension, Interfacial tension, Contact angle and condition of wetting a solid by a liquid. Young equation, Work of cohesion and work of adhesion, Dupre equation, spreading coefficient, condition of spreading of one liquid on another liquid, Excess pressure and the Laplace equation, capillary rise and capillary depression. Tate's equation. Jurin's law. Determination of surface tension by capillary rise method, Determination of surface tension by drop weight and drop count method. Vapour pressure over curved surface and the Kelvin equation. Temperature dependence of surface tension, Eotvos-Ramsay and Shield equation,

B. ELECTROCHEMISTRY: PART-2 (ELECTROCHEMICAL CELL)

(11 Lectures)

(I) Redox reaction, half cell reactions. Balancing of redox rection by ion electron method. Electrolysis and Faraday's laws of electrolysis. Different types of electrochemical cell. Different types of electrodes.

- (II) Thermodynamics of reversible Galvanic cell. Electromotive Force (EMF) and the standard EMF their temperature dependence.
- (III) Nernst equation. Oxidation and reduction potential and their relation. Spontaneity and equilibrium of a redox reaction in terms of reduction potential, Equilibrium constant and the standard reduction potential. Electrochemical series. Construction and representations of cell from the redox reaction. Redox reaction from the representation of the cell.
 - (IV) Chemical cell with and without transference. Expressions of EMF, various examples.
- (V). Concentration cells with and without transference, Expressions of EMF, various examples. Liquid junction potential and its elimination, Salt bridge. Role of electrolyte and the agar powder.
- (VI) Reference electrodes and their importance. Standard hydrogen electrode, saturated calomel electrode
- (VII) Applications of EMF measurement: Principle determination of pH using standard hydrogen electrode, glass electrode and Quinhydrone electrode and their comparison. Potentiometric titrations of Mohr salt solution by potassium dichromate solution and the silver nitrate solution by potassium chloride solution. Significance of various plots.

C. THERMODYNAMICS: PART-3 (CHEMICAL EQUILIBRIUM, IONIC EQUILIBRIUM)

(15 Lectures)

- (I) System of variable compositions: Molar and Partial molar quantities. Chemical potential, its various definitions, Chemical potential as a measure of escaping tendency. Additivity rule, Gibbs-Duhem equation, Chemical potential for various systems. Chemical potential for pure ideal gas, Chemical potential for ideal gas mixture, Change in thermodynamic quantities for ideal gas mixing. Chemical potential for real gas. Fugacity and fugacity coefficient. Chemical potential for non-electrolytic solution, activity and activity coefficient.
- (II) Chemical Equilibrium: Thermodynamic criteria for equilibrium, van't Hoff's reaction isotherm, True Equilibrium constant (K_a) and standard Gibbs free energy of a reaction. Different kind of true equilibrium constant K_p and K_c . pseudo equilibrium constant K_x . Definitions and interrelations among K_p , K_c and K_x . Temperature dependence of equilibrium constant. van't Hoff's equations (isobar and isochore) Shifting of equilibrium due to change in external parameters e.g.

concentration, temperature, pressure and addition of inert gas; Le Chatelier's principle and its its applications. Gibbs free energy as a function of advancement of reaction, graphical interpretations.

- (III) Chemical potential of electrolytic solution, Concept of mean ionic activity and mean ionic activity coefficient. Ionic strength, Relation between mean ionic activity coefficient and the ionic strength of the solution:, Debye-Huckel limiting law, It's importance and limitations.
- (IV) Solubility, activity solubility product, concentration solubility product of sparingly soluble salt. Their interrelations. Effect of addition of inert electrolyte on the solubility and concentration solubility product. Common ion effect and its applications. Determination of mean ionic activity coefficient from solubility measurement.
- (V) pH: definition, calculation of pH in various solutions, ionic product of water, Dissociation constants of weak acids and weak bases, Buffer and buffer capacity, Henderson equation, salt hydrolysis and expressions of pH, acid-base neutralisation reactions, Acid-base neutralization curves, Indicator and its choice for neutralization reactions, Principle of determination of pH by color matching method.

D. QUANTUM MECHANICS: PART-3 (APPLICATIONS TO EXACTLY SOLVABLE PROBLEMS; PIAB, LSHO, RR and H-ATOM) (8 Lectures)

- (I) Particle in a box problem (PIAB): Construction of time independent Schrodinger equation and solution of free particle problem in 1D. Calculations of average values of x, x^2 , p_x and p_x^2 . Validity of Heisenberg uncertainty principle. Applications of PIAB model; Free Electron Molecular Orbital Theory and its limitations. Extension of the problem to 2D and 3D. Concept of degeneracy,
- (II) Simple Harmonic Oscillator (SHO): Classical linear SHO, Hooke's law and the nature of potential energy. Setting up of the Time Independent Schrodinger equation, Solutions. Expression of wave function, Normalizations. Orthonormal set of wave functions. Graphical representations. Calculations of average values of x, x^2 , p_x and p_x^2 .
- (III) Rigid Rotor (RR): Setting up of Time Independent Schrodinger equation for rigid rotor (Solution is not required), Nature of wave functions, spherical harmonics, values of L^2 and L_z . Quantized energy expressions and discussions with energy, degeneracy.
- (IV) H-atom problem. Spherically symmetric potential for H-atom and H-like one electron ions. Setting up of electronic Schrödinger equation in spherical polar coordinates. Separation of

variables. Solutions of only φ -part of Schrodinger equation. Radial and angular part of wave functions and the overall wave function. Construction of real orbitals. Various plots such as ψ vs r, $|\psi|^2$ vs r. Radial distribution function or the radial probability density, Angular plots for s, p and d orbitals. Expressions of energy and its significance, Quantum numbers, degeneracy. Nodes.

Suggested Books:

Text Books:

- 1. Physical Chemistry, G.W. Castellan, Narosa, New Delhi
- 2. Physical Chemisty, I. N. Levine, McGraw Hill, NewYork
- 3. Physical Chemistry, T. Engel and P. Reid, Pearson Education, Inc, India.
- 4. Principles of Physical Chemistry, S. H. Maron& C. F. Prutton, CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Physical Chemistry, R. S. Berry, S. A. Rice & J. Ross, Oxford University Press, New York.
- 6. Physical Chemistry, S Pahari, New Central Book Agency.

Reference Books:

- 1. The Principles of Chemical Equilibrium, K. Denbigh, Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Quantum Mechanics, D. A. McQuarrie, Viva, India.
- 3. Quantum Chemistry, I. N. Levine, Pearson Education India.
- 4. An introduction to Electrochemistry, S. Glasstone, East-West Press (Pvt.) Ltd.
- 5. Heat & Thermodynamics, M. W. Zemansky& R. H. Dittman, The McGraw-Hill Companies Inc., New York.

MJ9P: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY LAB- III

Credits 01(30 hrs.)

- 1. Determination of relative viscosity coefficient of an unknown solution using Ostwald viscometer
- 2. Determination of relative surface tension of an unknown solution using Stalagmometer.
- 3. Determination of pH of unknown solution (buffer), by color matching method
- 4. Determination of concentration of an unknown solution of a weak acid (monobasic or dibasic) and pK_a value(s) by pH-metric titrations using a glass electrode.

- 5. Determination of concentrations of unknown solution of $K_2Cr_2O_7$ and the standard reduction potential of Fe^{3+}/Fe^{2+} couple by potentiometric titration.
- 6. Determination of concentrations of unknown solution of KCl and the solubility product of AgCl by potentiometric titration.

Suggested Books

Text Books:

- Practical Workbook Chemistry (Honours), UGBS, Chemistry, University of Calcutta,
 2015
- 2. Nad A. K, Mahapatra B. and Ghoshal A., "An Advanced Course In Practical Chemistry", New Central Book Agency (P) Limited, 2014
- 3. Maity S.K. and Ghosh N.K, "Physical Chemistry Practicals", New Central Book Agency (P) Limited, 2012
- 4. Ghosh S., Das Sharma M, Majumder D and Manna S, "Chemistry in Laboratory", Santra Publication Pvt Ltd, 2019

Reference Books:

- 5. Practical Physical Chemistry A.M. James, F.F. Prichard
- 6. Findlay's Practical Physical Chemistry B.P. Levitt
- 7. Experimental Physical Chemistry Shoemaker and Ga
- 8. Viswanathan, B., Raghavan, P.S. Practical Physical Chemistry Viva Books (2009)

MAJOR-10: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-IV Credits 04; FM- 75 (Theory-03, Practical-01)

MJ-10T: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-IV Credits 03 (Theory: 45 Lectures)

Course Content:

Nitrogen compounds, Rearrangements, Carbohydrates, and Organic Spectroscopy

Nitrogen compounds

(8 Lectures)

Amines: Aliphatic & Aromatic: preparation, separation (Hinsberg's method) and identification of primary, secondary and tertiary amines; reaction (with mechanism): Eschweiler–Clarke methylation, diazo coupling reaction, Mannich reaction; formation and reactions of phenylenediamines, diazomethane and diazoacetic ester.

Nitro compounds (aliphatic and aromatic): preparation and reaction (with mechanism): reduction under different conditions; Nef carbonyl synthesis, Henry reaction and conjugate addition of nitroalkane anion.

Alkylnitrile and isonitrile: preparation and reaction (with mechanism): Thorpe nitrile condensation, von Richter reaction.

Diazonium salts and their related compounds: reactions (with mechanism) involving replacement of diazo group; reactions: Gomberg, Meerwein, Japp-Klingermann.

Rearrangements (12 Lectures)

Mechanism with evidence and stereochemical features for the following

Rearrangement to electron-deficient carbon: Wagner-Meerwein rearrangement, pinacol rearrangement, dienone-phenol; Wolff rearrangement in Arndt-Eistert synthesis, benzil-benzilic acid rearrangement, Demjanov rearrangement, Tiffeneau—Demjanov rearrangement.

Rearrangement to electron-deficient nitrogen: rearrangements: Hofmann, Curtius, Lossen, Schmidt and Beckmann.

Rearrangement to electron-deficient oxygen: Baeyer-Villiger oxidation, cumenehydroperoxidephenol rearrangement and Dakin reaction.

Aromatic rearrangements: Migration from oxygen to ring carbon: Fries rearrangement and Claisen rearrangement.

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Migration from nitrogen to ring carbon: Hofmann-Martius rearrangement, Fischer-Hepp rearrangement, N-azo to C-azo rearrangement, Bamberger rearrangement, Orton rearrangement and benzidine rearrangement.

Carbohydrates (10 Lectures)

Monosaccharides: Aldoses up to 6 carbons; structure of D-glucose & D-fructose (configuration & conformation); ring structure of monosaccharides (furanose and pyranose forms): Haworth representations and non-planar conformations; anomeric effect (including stereoelectronic explanation); mutarotation; epimerization; reactions (mechanisms in relevant cases): Fischer glycosidation, osazone formation, bromine- water oxidation, HNO₃ oxidation, selective oxidation of terminal –CH₂OH of aldoses, reduction to alditols, Lobry de Bruyn-van Ekenstein rearrangement; stepping-up (Kiliani-Fischer method) and stepping-down (Ruff's &Wohl's methods) of aldoses,end-group-interchange of aldoses; acetonide (isopropylidene) and benzylidene protections; ring-size determination; Fischer's proof of configuration of (+)-glucose. Disaccharides: Glycosidic linkages, concept of glycosidic bond formation by glycosyl donoracceptor; structure of sucrose, inversion of cane sugar.

Polysaccharides: starch (structure and its use as an indicator in titrimetric analysis).

Organic Spectroscopy

(15 Lectures)

UV Spectroscopy: introduction; types of electronic transitions, end absorption; transition dipole moment and allowed/forbidden transitions; chromophores and auxochromes; Bathochromic and Hypsochromic shifts; intensity of absorptions (Hyper-/Hypochromic effects); application of Woodward's Rules for calculation of λ max for the following systems: conjugated diene, α , β -unsaturated aldehydes and ketones (alicyclic, homoannular and heteroannular); extended conjugated systems (dienes, aldehydes and ketones); relative positions of λ max considering conjugative effect, steric effect solvent effect, effect of pH; effective chromophore concentration: keto-enol systems; benzenoid transitions.

IR Spectroscopy: introduction;modes of molecular vibrations(fundamental and non-fundamental); IR active molecules; application of Hooke's law, force constant; fingerprint region and its significance; effect of deuteration; overtone bands; vibrational coupling in IR; characteristic and diagnostic stretching frequencies of C-H, N-H, O-H, C-O, C-N, C-X, C=C (including skeletal vibrations of aromatic compounds), C=O, C=N, N=O, C≡C, C≡N;

characteristic/diagnostic bending vibrations are included; factors affecting stretching frequencies: effect of conjugation, electronic effects, mass effect, bond multiplicity, ring-size, solvent effect, H-bonding on IR absorptions; application in functional group analysis.

NMR Spectroscopy (Basic concept):introduction;nuclearspin;NMR active molecules;basic principles of Proton Magnetic Resonance; equivalent and non-equivalent protons; chemical shift and factors influencing it; ring current effect; significance of the terms: up-/downfield, shielded and deshielded protons; interpretation of NMR spectra of simple compounds.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Finar, I. L. *Organic Chemistry (Volume 1)*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 2. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2: Stereochemistry and the Chemistry of Natural Products), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 3. Norman, R.O. C., Coxon, J. M. *Principles of Organic Synthesis*, Third Edition, Nelson Thornes, 2003.
- 4. Clayden, J., Greeves, N., Warren, S., *Organic Chemistry*, Second edition, Oxford University Press 2012.
- 5. March, J. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Wiley.
- 6. Harwood, L. M., *Polar Rearrangements*, Oxford Chemistry Primer, Oxford University Press.
- 7. Bailey, Morgan, Organonitrogen Chemistry, Oxford Chemistry Primer, Oxford University Press.
- 8. Warren, S. Organic Synthesis the Disconnection Approach, John Wiley and Sons.
- 9. Warren, S., Designing Organic Synthesis, Wiley India, 2009.
- 10. Carruthers, W. Modern methods of Organic Synthesis, Cambridge University Press.
- 11. Willis, C. A., Wills, M., Organic Synthesis, Oxford Chemistry Primer, Oxford University Press.
- 12. Silverstein, R. M., Bassler, G. C., Morrill, T. C. *Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds*, John Wiley and Sons, INC, Fifth edition.
- 13. Kemp, W. Organic Spectroscopy, Palgrave.
- 14. Pavia, D. L. *et al. Introduction to Spectroscopy*, 5th Ed. Cengage Learning India Ed. (2015).
- 15. Dyer, J. Application of Absorption Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, PHI

MJ10P: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-IV (LAB)

(Credits 01; 30 hrs.)

Spectroscopic Analysis of Organic Compounds

- 1. Assignment of labelled peaks in the ${}^{1}H$ NMR spectra of the known organic compounds explaining the relative δ -values and splitting pattern.
- 2. Assignment of labelled peaks in the IR spectrum of the same compound explaining the relative frequencies of the absorptions (C-H, O-H, N-H, C-O, C-N, C-X, C=C, C=O, N=O, C≡C, C≡N stretching frequencies; characteristic bending vibrations are included).
- 3. The students must record full spectral analysis of **at least 10 (ten)**compound from the following list:
- 2-Bromo-4-methylacetophenone (i) 4-Bromoacetanilide (ii) (iii) Vanillin (iv) 2-4-Aminobenzoic Methoxyacetophenone (v) acid (vi) Salicylamide (vii) 2-Hydroxyacetophenone (viii) 1,3-Dinitrobenzene (ix) trans-Cinnamic acid (x) Diethyl fumarate 4-Nitrobenzaldehyde (xii) 4- Methylacetanilide (xiii) Mesityl oxide (xiv) 2-(xi) Hydroxybenzaldehyde 4-Nitroaniline (xvi) 3-Nitrobenzaldehyde 2-(xy)(xvii) Methoxybenzaldehyde (xviii) Methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate (xxix) Methyl 3- hydroxybenzoate (xx) 3-Aminobenzoic acid (xxi) 3-Nitroanisole.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Practical Workbook Chemistry (Honours), UGBS, Chemistry, University of Calcutta, 2015
- 2. Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education

MAJOR ELECTIVE (DSE)

MAJOR ELECTIVE-1 (OPTION-A): ADAVNCED PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-I

Credits 04; FM- 75 (Theory-03, Practical-01)

MJ DSE-1(A)T:ADAVNCED PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-I Credits 03 (45 Lectures)

Course contents:

A. ADSORPTION AND COLLOIDAL SYSTEMS

(12Lectures)

(I) Adsorption: definition, difference between adsorption and absorption, Different types of adsorption; Physical and chemical adsorption and their distinctive features, Extent of adsorption, Adsorption isotherms for adsorption of gases on solid surface: Freundlich and Langmuir adsorption isotherm (with derivation), BET adsorption isotherm (without derivation), determination of surface area of adsorbent, Isosteric heat of adsorption.

Adsorption isotherms for adsorption of solid on liquid surface: Gibbs adsorption isotherm, variation of surface tension with concentration, Surface active agent, Micelle and Critical Micelle Concentration.

(II) Colloidal system: definition and general properties, Classifications of colloids. Lyophobic and lyophilic colloids and their distinctive features, Preparation of lyophobic colloids, peptization and dialysis, Electrical properties of lyophobic colloids, Origin of charge, Flocculation and Schultz-Hardy rule, Electro-kinetic phenomena (qualitative idea only). Double layer potential and Zeta potential, Stability of colloids in terms of zeta potential, Optical properties of colloids, Tyndall effect, Kinetic property of colloid, Brownian motion and determination of Avogadro number by Perrin's method. Protective action of lyophilic colloid and Gold number.

B. CHEMICAL KINETICS: PART-2

(10 Lectures)

- (I) Collision theory of reaction rate, Unimolecular gas phase reaction, Lindemann mechanism.
 - (II) Transition State theory: Classical treatment and Eyring equation.
 - (III) Primary and secondary kinetic salt effect

(IV)Enzyme catalysis; Characteristic features, Effect of pH and temperature. Turn over number, Michaelis-Menten equation, Michaelis-Menten plot, Lineweaver-Burk plot, Eadie's plot, Eadie-hofstee plot, Woolf-Hanes plot.

(V) Heterogeneous catalysis,

C. ELECTRICAL PRPERTIES OF MOLECULES

(6 Lectures)

Fundamentals of electrostatics, Coulomb's law, electric field, electric potential, dielectric constant or relative permittivity, Dipole moment, induced dipole moment, Polarization and polarizability: Polarizability of atoms and molecules, dielectric constant and polarisation, molar polarisation for polar and non-polar molecules; Clausius-Mosotti equation and Debye equation (both without derivation), their applications and limitations; Determination of dipole moments and polarizability, Molar refraction, Lorentz-Lorenz equation, Molar polarization as a function of frequency.

D. ELECTRONIC SPECTROSCOPY AND PHOTOCHEMISTRY (10Lectures)

(I) Basic laws of photochemistry, Grotthus-Drapper law and Stark-Einstein law of photochemical equivalence. Primary and secondary process of a photochemical reaction. Quantum yield, Chemical actinometry, Reasons for low and high quantum yields, Examples. Lambert-Beer's law: Lambert-Beer's law and its limitations, Absorbance, transmittance and molar extinction coefficient, calibration curve.

(II) Photochemical processes: Differential rate laws of various photochemical reaction HI decomposition, $H_2+Br_2 \rightarrow 2HBr$ reaction, dimerisation of anthracene, photostationary state or photochemical equilibrium, Fluorescence quenching (qualitative idea only) and the Stern-Volmerequation, Photosensitized reaction. Chemiluminescence.

E. POLYMER CHEMISTRY

(7 Lectures)

Polymers: Classification of polymers, nomenclature, Monodisprese and polydisperse polymeric sample, Different kind of average molar masses, number average, mass average, viscosity average and sedimentation average molar masses. Determination of average molar masses by end group analysis, viscosity measurement and osmotic pressure measurement. Kinetics of polymerization.

SUGGESTED BOOKS

Text Books:

- 1. Physical Chemistry, P. C. Rakshit, Sarat Book House, India.
- 2. Text Book of Physical Chemistry, S. Glasstone, Macmillan India Limited, New Delhi.
- 3. Physical Chemistry: Volume I, A. Nag, McGraw Hill Education.
- 4. Physical Chemistry, G.W. Castellan, Narosa, New Delhi.
- 5. Physical Chemistry, T. Engel and P. Reid, Pearson Education, Inc, India.
- 6. Physical Chemistry, S Pahari, New Central Book Agency.

Reference Books:

- 7. Chemical Kinetics, K. J. Laidler, Pearson Education India.
- 8. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, C. N. Banwell, McGraw-Hill Inc.
- 9. Modern Spectroscopy, J. M. Hollas, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.
- 10. Polymer Science & Technology, P. Ghosh, McGraw Hill Education.
- 11. Fundamentals of Photochemistry, K. K. Rohatgi-Mukherjee, New Age International Publishers.

MJ DSE-1(A)P: ADVANCED PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY LAB- I (Credits 01; 30 hrs)

- 1. Verification of Beers law and determination of molar extinction coefficient and concentration of a color absorbing species (K₂Cr₂O₇ and KMnO₄ solutions) using a colorimeter or spectrophotometer.
- 2. Determination of pK_{In} of Bromocresol green indicator and the determination of pH of an unknown buffer spectrophotometrically.
- 3. Study of of $K_2S_2O_8$ KI kinetics and determination of rate constant spectrophotometrically.
- 4. Study of K₂S₂O₈ KI kinetics spectrophotometrically and the effect of ionic strength.
- 5. Verification of Freundlich adsorption isotherm using adsorption of acetic acid from its aqueous solution by activated charcoal.
- 6. Determination of Critical Micelle Concentration of a surfactant by surface tension measurement.

SUGGESTED BOOKS

Text Books:

- 1. Practical Workbook Chemistry (Honours), UGBS, Chemistry, University of Calcutta, 2015
- 2. Nad A. K, Mahapatra B. and Ghoshal A., "An Advanced Course In Practical Chemistry", New Central Book Agency (P) Limited, 2014
- Maity S.K. and Ghosh N.K, "Physical Chemistry Practicals", New Central Book Agency
 (P) Limited, 2012
- 4. Ghosh S., Das Sharma M, Majumder D and Manna S, "Chemistry in Laboratory", Santra Publication Pvt Ltd, 2019

Reference Books:

- 5. Practical Physical Chemistry A.M. James, F.F. Prichard
- 6. Findlay's Practical Physical Chemistry B.P. Levitt
- 7. Experimental Physical Chemistry Shoemaker and Ga
- 8. Viswanathan, B., Raghavan, P.S. Practical Physical Chemistry Viva Books (2009)

OR

MAJOR ELECTIVE-1 (OPTION-B): ADAVNCED PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-II

Credits 04; FM- 75 (Theory-03, Practical-01)

MJ DSE-1(B)T:ADAVNCED PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-II Credits 03 (45 Lectures)

CourseContent:

A. STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF DATA

(7 Lectures)

Measurement of central tendency- mean, median, mode; error and accuracy, standard deviations and precisions, Difference between accuracy and precision, Normal distribution, skewness and Kurtosis, Covariance and correlation coefficient, Regression and Least square fitting. Rounding of numbers, significant figures.

B. NUMERICAL METHODS

(10 Lectures)

- (I) Interpolation and extrapolation.
- (II) Numerical derivatives
- (III) Numerical integration: Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's rule.
- (IV) One dimensional root finding methods: Bisection method, Newton-Raphson method, fixed point iteration method
 - (V) Solutions of ordinary differential equation: Runge-Kutta method.

C. SYMMETRY AND GROUP THEORY

(10 Lectures)

- (I) Definition of abstract group, theorems of group, Group multiplication table and rearangement theorem, cyclic group, subgroup, coset, Lagrange's theorem, Similarity transformation and conjugate elements, Class.
 - (II) Symmetry elements and symmetry operations, Point group.
- (III) Matrix representation of symmetry operations and the point group. Character of matrix representation, Reducible and irreducible representations.
- (IV) Great Orthogonality Theorem (without proof) and its consequences, Constructions of character table.

VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY, PASCHIM MIDNAPORE, WEST BENGAL

(V) Applications of group theory in IR and vibrational Raman spectroscopy. Mutual exclusion principle.

D. APPROXIMATE METHODS IN QUANTUM MECHANICS (8 Lectures)

- (I) Need of approximate methods in quantum mechanics.
- (II) Variation principle: Statement and proof on Rayleigh-Ritz variation principle, Example, Linear variation principle.
- (III) Perturbation Theory: Rayleigh-Schrodinger perturbation theory for nondegenerate and time independent case. Expression of first order correction of energy and wave function, second order correction of energy. Examples.

E. POLYELECTRON ATOMS/IONS AND COVALENT BONDING (10 Lectures)

- (I) Construction of Time Independent Schrodinger equation for polyelectron atoms or ios, Aufbau principle and electronic configuration, System of quantum identical particles, antisymmetry principle, Pauli's exclusion principle, Hund's rules, L-S and J-J coupling, Atomic term symbols.
- (II) Covalent bonding, valence bond and molecular orbital approaches, LCAO-MO treatment of H_2^+ ; Bonding and antibonding orbitals; Qualitative extension to H_2 ; Comparison of LCAO-MO and VB treatments of H_2 and their limitations.

SUGGESTED BOOKS

Text Books:

- 1. Physical Chemistry, R. J. Silbey, R. A. Alberty M. G. Bawendi, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 2. Physical Chemisty, I. N. Levine, McGraw Hill, New York
- 3. Physical Chemistry, P. Atkins, J.D Paula and J. Keeler, Oxford University Press, New York.
- 4. Physical Chemistry: A Molecular Approach, D. A. McQuarrie and J. D. Simon, Viva Book Private Limited, New Delhi.
- 5. Physical Chemistry, T. Engel and P. Reid, Pearson Education, Inc, India.
- 6. Physical Chemistry, H. Chatterjee, Platinum Publishers.

Reference Books:

- 7. Chemical Applications of Group Theory, F. A. Cotton, Wiley; Third edition.
- 8. Quantum Mechanics, B. H. Bransden and C. J. Joachain, Pearson.
- 9. Quantum Chemistry, I. N. Levine, Pearson Education India.
- 10. Mathematics for Physical Chemistry, D. A. McQuarrie, Univ Science Books.
- 11. Basic Training in Mathematics: A fitness program for science students, R. Shankar, Springer.

MJ DSE-1(B)P: ADVANCED PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY LAB- II (Credits 01; 30 Hrs.)

- (I) Basics of Fortran language: Column position rules, Fortran constants, Fortran variables and its declaration, Library functions, Some basic commands (read, write, pause, stop, end), Control statements, DO loops, Array and subscripted variables, Function and Subroutines.
 - (II) Computer Programming based on numerical methods:
- 1. Roots of equations: (e.g. volume of van der Waals gas and comparison with ideal gas, pH of a weak acid)
- 2. Numerical differentiation (e.g., change in pressure for small change in volume of a van der Waals gas, potentiometric titrations)
- 3. Numerical integration (e.g. entropy/ enthalpy change from heat capacity data), probability distributions (gas kinetic theory) and mean values
- 4. Numerical solutions of Differential equation: Solution of Schrodinger equation for one dimensional problems such as PIAB, LSHO.

SUGGESTED BOOKS

Text Books:

- 1. Computer Programming in Fortran 90 and 95, VRajaraman, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited.
- 2. Fortran 77 and Numerical Methods, C. Xavier, New Age International Pvt Ltd Publishers.
- 3. Numerical Recipes in Fortran, The Art of Scientific Computing W.H. Press, S.A. Teukolsky, W.T.Vellerling, B.P. Flannery.
- 4. Modern Fortran: Building efficient parallel applications, M. Curcic, Manning Publishers.

MINOR (MI)

MINOR-5: (Organic Chemistry – III & Physical Chemistry - IV) Credits 04; FM- 75 (Theory-03, Practical-01)

Minor (MI)-5T:Organic Chemistry – III & Physical Chemistry – IV

Credits 03; 45 lectures

Course contents:

Organic Chemistry-III

(15 Lectures)

Alcohols, Phenols and Ethers

Alcohols: (up to 5 Carbons). Preparation: 1°-, 2°- and 3°- alcohols: using Grignard reagent, reduction of aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acid and esters; Reactions: With sodium, HX (Lucas test), oxidation (alkaline KMnO4, acidic dichromate, concentrated HNO3); Oppenauer oxidation;

Diols: Preparation (with OsO4); pinacol- pinacolone rearrangement (with mechanism) (with symmetrical diols only).

Phenols: Preparation: cumenehydroperoxide method, from diazonium salts; acidic nature of phenols; Reactions: electrophilic substitution: nitration and halogenations;

Fries rearrangement and Claisen rearrangement.

Ethers: Preparation: Williamson's ether synthesis; Reaction: cleavage of ethers with HI.

Carbonyl Compounds

Aldehydes and Ketones (aliphatic and aromatic): (Formaldehye, acetaldehyde, acetone and benzaldehyde): Preparation: from acid chlorides, from nitriles and from Grignard reagents; general properties of aldehydes and ketones; Reactions: with HCN, ROH, NaHSO₃, NH₂-G derivatives and with Tollens' and Fehling's reagents; iodoform test; aldol condensation (with mechanism); Cannizzaro reaction (with mechanism), Wittig reaction, benzoin condensation; Clemmensen reduction, Wolff- Kishner reduction and Meerwein-Pondorff- Verley (MPV) reduction.

Preparation and synthetic applications of Grignard reagent, Diethyl Malonate (DEM) and Ethyl acetoacetate (EAA)

Reference Books:

- 1. Sethi, A. Conceptual Organic Chemistry; New Age International Publisher.
- 2. Parmar, V. S. A Text Book of Organic Chemistry, S. Chand & Sons.
- 3. Madan, R. L. Organic Chemistry, S. Chand & Sons.

- 4. Wade, L. G., Singh, M. S., Organic Chemistry, Pearson.
- 5. Finar, I. L. *Organic Chemistry* (Volume 1), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 6. Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. N. *Organic Chemistry*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 7. Bahl, A. &Bahl, B.S. Advanced Organic Chemistry, S. Chand, 2010.

Physical Chemistry-IV

(A) Electrochemistry

(15 Lectures)

(I) Conductance

Conductance, Specific Conductance, Equivalent and molar conductance and their interrelations. Variation of specific and equivalent conductance with dilution for strong and weak electrolytes. Ionic mobility, Kohlrausch's law of independent migration of ions. Ionic conductance and transport number. Relation between ionic mobility and ionic conductance. Factors determining ionic and equivalent conductance: concentration, size of the solvated ions, temperature, viscosity of the solvent and the Walden's rule. Abnormally high ionic conductance of H⁺ and OH⁻Conductometric titrations; principles and various examples

(II) Electromotive Force

Thermodynamics of reversible Galvanic cell. Electromotive Force (EMF) and the standard EMF their temperature dependence. Nernst equation. Spontaneity and equilibrium of a redox reaction in terms of reduction potential, Equilibrium constant and the standard reduction potential. Electrochemical series. Principle determination of pH using glass electrode. Potentiometric titrations of Mohr salt solution by potassium dichromate solution and the silver nitrate solution by potassium chloride solution. Significance of various plots.

(B) Quantum Mechanics

(15 Lectures)

de Broglie's wave particle duality. Heisenberg Uncertainty Principle, Basic postulates of quantum mechanics, Time independent Schrodinger equation, Wave function, Born's probabilistic interpretation of wave function, acceptability criteria of wave function, Normalized wave functions and normalization procedure, Orthogonal and orthonormal set of wave functions, Degeneracy of wave functions, Operators, liner and Hermitian operators, Eigen value equations, Commutation relations: Average values of a classical observable in a quantum state, Time dependent Schrodinger equation, Concept of stationary states

Applications of Quantum mechanics to simple problems, Particle in a box problem (PIAB, Simple Harmonic Oscillator (SHO), Rigid Rotor (RR) and H-atom problem

Reference Books:

- 1. Barrow, G.M. *Physical Chemistry* Tata McGraw-Hill (2007).
- 2. Castellan, G.W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
- 3. McQuirre and Simon, Physical Chemsitry
- 4. P.C. Rakshit, *Physical Chemistry*
- 5. H. Chatterjee, *Physical Chemistry*
- 6. A Nag, Physical Chemistry
- 7. S Pahari *Physical Chemistry*
- 8. Kotz, J.C., Treichel, P.M. & Townsend, J.R. *General Chemistry* Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi (2009).
- 9. Mahan, B.H. University Chemistry 3rd Ed. Narosa (1998).
- 10. Petrucci, R.H. General Chemistry 5th Ed. Macmillan Publishing Co.: New York (1985).
- 11. Chugh, K.L., Agnish, S.L. A Text Book of Physical Chemistry Kalyani Publishers
- 12. Bahl, B.S., Bahl, A., Tuli, G.D., Essentials of Physical Chemistry S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
- 13. Palit, S. R., *Elementary Physical Chemistry* Book Syndicate Pvt. Ltd.

Minor (MI)-5P:PRACTICAL

Credits 01; 30hrs.

Section A: Organic Chemistry Lab

Organic Preparations

The following reactions are to be performed, noting the yield of the crude product:

- 1. Condensation reactions
- 2. Acetylation of phenols/aromatic amines
- **3.** Benzoylation of phenols/aromatic amines
- **4.** Diazo coupling reactions of aromatic amines
- **5.** Bromination of anilides using green approach (Bromate-Bromide method)

Section B: Physical Chemistry Lab

- > Conductometric titrations
 - (i) Weak dibasic acid vs. Strong base
 - (ii) Mixed acid vs. strong base
- ➤ Determination of ionization constant and equivalent conductance at infinite
- \triangleright Determination of concentrations of unknown solution of $K_2Cr_2O_7$ and the standard reduction potential of Fe³⁺/Fe²⁺ couple by potentiometric titration.
- ➤ Determination of concentrations of unknown solution of KCl and the solubility product of AgCl by potentiometric titration.
- ➤ Determination of concentration of an unknown solution of a weak acid (monobasic or dibasic) and pK_a value(s) by pH-metric titrations using a glass electrode.

Reference Books:

- 1. University Hand Book of Undergraduate Chemistry Experiments, edited by Mukherjee, G. N., University of Calcutta, 2003.
- 2. Palit, S.R., *Practical Physical Chemistry* Science Book Agency
- 3. Mukherjee, N.G., Selected Experiments in Physical Chemistry J. N. Ghose& Sons
- 4. Dutta, S.K., *Physical Chemistry Experiments*Bharati Book Stall
- 5. Bhattacharyya, R. C, A Manual of Practical Chemistry.
- 6. Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J. & Smith, P.W.G., *Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry*, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996.
- 7. Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry Orient-Longman, 1960.
- 8. Ghosh S., Das Sharma M, Majumder D and Manna S, "Chemistry in Laboratory", Santra Publication Pvt Ltd, 2019

SEMESTER-VI

MAJOR (MJ)

MAJOR-11: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-IV Credits 04; FM- 75 (Theory-03, Practical-01)

MJ-11T: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-IV Credits 03 (Theory: 45 Lectures)

A. Bioinorganic Chemistry:

(15 Lectures)

Bioinorganic Chemistry Elements of life: essential and beneficial elements, major, trace and ultratrace elements. Basic chemical reactions in the biological systems and the role of metal ions (specially Na⁺, K⁺, Mg²⁺, Ca²⁺, Fe ^{3+/2+}, Cu ^{2+/+}, and Zn²⁺). Metal ion transport across biological membrane Na⁺ / K⁺-ion pump (with mechanism) Dioxygen molecule in life. Bioenergetic principle and role of ATP, Dioxygen management proteins: Haemoglobin, Myoglobin, Hemocyanine and Hemerythrin. Electron transfer proteins: Cytochromes and Fe-S proteins (Ferredoxins, Rubredoxins etc). Biological nitrogen fixation (Nitrogenase), Metal ions transport and storage proteins: ferritin, transferrin, ceruloplasmin (only function) Photosynthesis: Photosystem-I and Photosystem-II (with appropriate Z-scheme) Toxic metal ions and their effects, chelation therapy (examples only), Pt and Au complexes as drugs (examples only), chemistry of cis-platin as anticancer agent, metal dependent diseases (examples only).

B. Organometallic Chemistry and Catalysis:

(19 Lectures)

Defination and classification of organometallic compounds on the basis of bond type. Concept of hapticity of organic ligands. 18-electron and 16-electron rules (pictorial MO approach). Applications of 18-electron rule to metal carbonyls, nitrosyls, cyanides. General methods of preparation of mono and binuclear carbonyls of 3d series. Structures of mononuclear and binuclear carbonyls. π-acceptor behaviour of CO, synergic effect and use of IR data to explain extent of back bonding. Zeise's salt: Preparation, structure, evidences of synergic effect. Metallocene: Ferrocene, cobaltocene and nickelocene, Preparation and reactions of ferocene (acetylation, alkylation, metallation, Mannich Condensation). Reactions of organometallic complexes: substitution, oxidative addition, reductive elimination and insertion reactions.

Catalysis: Alkene hydrogenation (Wilkinson's Catalyst), Hydroformylation, Wacker Process, Synthetic gasoline (Fischer Tropsch reaction), Ziegler-Natta catalysis for olefin polymerization, Monsanto Acetic Acid Process.

C. Reaction Kinetics and Mechanism:

(7 Lectures)

Introduction to inorganic reaction mechanisms. Substitution reactions in square planar complexes, Cis/Trans- effect and their application in complex synthesis, Nucleophilic substitution in square planar complexes, Thermodynamic and Kinetic stability, Kinetics of octahedral substitution, Ligand field effects and reaction rates, Mechanism of substitution in octahedral complexes, outer sphere and inner sphere electron transfer mechanism (with examples).

D. Chemistry of block Elements:

(4 Lectures)

Electronic configuration, Separation of lanthanides (ion-exchange method only), lanthanide contraction, oxidation states, colour, spectral and magnetic properties, Uses of lanthanide compounds as shift reagent, comparison of electronic spectra among 3d, 4f and 5f.

Reference Books

- 1. Lippard, S.J. & Berg, J.M. Principles of Bioinorganic Chemistry Panima Publishing Company 1994.
- 2. Huheey, J. E.; Keiter, E.A. &Keiter, R.L. Inorganic Chemistry, Principles of Structure and Reactivity 4th Ed., Harper Collins 1993, Pearson, 2006.
- 3. Greenwood, N.N. & Earnshaw A. Chemistry of the Elements, Butterworth Heinemann, 1997.
- 4. Cotton, F.A., Wilkinson, G., Murrillo, C. A., Bochmann, M., Advanced Inorganic Chemistry 6th Ed. 1999., Wiley.
- 5. Bertini, I., Gray, H. B., Lippard, S.J., Valentine, J. S., Viva, 2007.
- 6. Basolo, F, and Pearson, R.C. Mechanisms of Inorganic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, NY, 1967.
- 7. Purecell, K.F. and Kotz, J.C., An Introduction to Inorganic Chemistry, Saunders: Philadelphia, 1980.
- 8. Powell, P. Principles of Organometallic Chemistry, Chapman and Hall, 1988.

- 9. Collman, J. P. et al. Principles and Applications of Organotransition Metal Chemistry. Mill Valley, CA: University Science Books, 1987.
- 10. Crabtree, R. H. The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals. New York, NY: John Wiley, 2000.

MJ-11P: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY LABORATORY- III (Credit 01; 30 Hrs.)

A. Gravimetric Estimation:

- 1. Estimation of Ba(II) as BaSO₄.
- 2. Estimation of phosphate (PO₄³-) as Lead Phosphate [Pb₃(PO₄)₂].
- 3. Estimation of Al(III) by precipitating with oxine and weighing as Al(oxine)₃ (aluminiumoxinate).
- 4. Estimation of chloride

B. Inorganic Preparations:

- 1. [Cu(CH₃CN)₄]PF₆ and [Cu(CH₃CN)₄]ClO₄
- 2. Tris-(ethylenediamine) nickel(II) chloride.
- 3. $[Mn(acac)_3]$ and $Fe(acac)_3]$ (acac= acetylacetonate)
- 4. Preparation of Mohr's Salt

Suggested Readings:

Mendham, J., A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Pearson, 2009.

MAJOR-12: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-IV Credits 04; FM- 75 (Theory-03, Practical-01)

MJ-12T: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-IV Credits 03 (Theory: 45 Lectures)

Course contents:

A. STATES OF MATTER: PART-3 (SOLID STATE)

(7 LECTURES)

- (I) General properties of solid state. Classification of solid based on bonding. Classifications of solid in terms of geometry; Crystalline and amorphous solid. True crystal and the polycrystalline solid.
- (II) Crystalline solid: Fourteen Bravais Lattice. Some basic concepts of crystalline solid; lattice, basis, crystal structure, unit cell, face, edge, vertices, interfacial angle etc. crystal planes and their graphical representations. Primitive unit cell. Different types of cubic crystals; SC, BCC and FCC. Calculation of packing efficiency, closed packed and loose packed structure, Density of a crystal.
- (III) Laws of Crystallography: Law of constancy of interfacial angle, Law of rational indices, Weiss and Miller indices, Interplanar spacing between two identical parallel planes, Angle between two non-parallel planes. Law of symmetry.
- (IV) X-ray diffraction: Bragg's law, Alternative form of Bragg's law, Determination of crystal structure from the systematic absence of certain planes in x-ray diffraction. Techniques of X-ray diffraction, Powder diffraction method; Structure of NaCl and KCl crystals.
- (V) Lattice heat capacity: Experimental observations, Classical theory and the Dulong Petit's law; Einstein's theory- Derivation and explanation of temperature dependence of lattice heat capacity, limitations; Debye modification and the Debye- T³ law.

B. STATISTICAL THERMODYNAMICS

(8 LECTURES)

(I) Introduction to statistical thermodynamics, Difference from classical thermodynamics, Some basic concepts; Thermodynamic system, Instanteneous configuration, Macrostates, microstates, Thermodynamic weight, Postulate of equal a priori probabilities, Most dominating configurations. Elementary idea of ensemble. Different types of identical particles (qualitative idea).

- (II) Connection between microscopic and macroscopic description; Boltzmann definition of entropy.
- (III) Preliminary idea of Thermodynamic Partition function, Thermodynamic quantities in terms of partition function.
- (IV) 3rd law of Thermodynamics: Absolute entropy, Planck's law, Calculation of absolute entropy, Nernst heat theorem

C. THERMODYNAMICS: PART-4 (PHASE EQUILIBRIUM) (18 LECTURES)

- (I) Definitions of phase, component and degrees of freedom with various examples; Gibb's phase rule and its derivations. Order of phase transitions; 1^{st} order, 2^{nd} order and lamda-order phase transitions with characteristics features.
- (II) Phase diagrams for pure substance. μ vs. T phase diagram, effect of pressure on transition temperature. Triple point. Clapeyron equation; Clausius-Clapeyron equation. P vs T phase diagram. Phase diagram for water, CO_2 and Sulphur
- (III) Colligative properties: Vapour pressure, effect of addition of nonvolatile solute, Raoult's law, relative lowering of vapour pressure as a colligative property, Chemical potential of the components in of solution, Origin of colligative properties, Raoult's law; Thermodynamic derivation of various colligative properties such as (i) Elevation of boiling point, (ii) Depression of freezing point and (iii) Osmotic pressure and vant' Hoff equation, .Reverse osmosis, Solubility as a colligative property. Inter-relations among various colligative properties, Abnormal colligative properties of electrolytic solution, van't Hoff factor, van'f Hoff factor and degree of dissociation of weak electrolyte. Determination of molecular weight using various colligative properties.
- (IV) Liquid-Vapor Phase Equilibrium: Binary solutions: Variation of total vapour pressure with the mole fraction in the liquid phase, Variation of total vapour pressure with the mole fraction in the vapor phase, Relative amount in the liquid phase and vapour phase, Lever rule, Principle of isothermal fractional distillation of an ideal binary liquid mixture. Principle of isobaric fractional distillation; Temperature vs. composition phase diagram, Change in various thermodynamic quantities when liquids are mixed to form an ideal solution, Non-ideal binary liquid mixture, positive and negative deviations from ideality

Duhem-Margules equation and its consequences, Konowaloff's rule; relative compositions in liquid phase and vapour phase. Azeotropic solution; Solubility of gas in liquid, Henry's law.

(V) Liquid-liquid phase equilibrium, partially miscible liquids, Conjugate solutions, Temperture-Composition phase diagram for partially miscible liquids with special reference to Phenol-water system. Critical solution temperature and effect of pressure and impurity.

Immiscible liquid pairs.

Nernst's distribution law; It's derivation, Partition coefficient, Principle of determination of partition coefficient. Distribution of solute when it is associated in one of the phases, Principle of solvent extraction.

- (VI) Solid-liquid phase equilibrium, Eutectic mixture. Thermal analysis, Construction of temperature-composition phase diagram for simple eutectic system, formation of compounds with congruent melting point and incongruent melting point. Ice mixture, Fusion mixture, Elevation of freezing point.
- (VII) Three component phase diagram. Water, benzene and acetic acid system. Triangular plots.

D. MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY:PART-1 (ROTATIONAL, VIBRTIONAL, ELECTRONIC & RAMAN SPECTROSCOPY) (12 LECTURES)

- (I) Introduction: Nature of light with special reference of electromagnetic radiation. Various types of motion in a molecule. Separation of these motions and the Born-Oppenheimer approximation. Mechanism of interaction of molecule and the electromagnetic radiation; classical and semiclassical treatments. Fermi-Golden rule and the selection rules for transition (without derivation), relative intensities of spectral lines or bands, Broadening of a spectra and the line shape.
- (II) Rotation spectroscopy or Microwave spectroscopy: Moment of inertia. Classifications of molecules based on relative values of components of moment of inertia. Linear top, symmetric top (prolate and oblate), spherical top, asymmetric top. Heteronuclear diatomic molecule as a Rigid Rotor model. Energy expression and degeneracy. Selection rules, relative intensities of spectral lines, determination of bond lengths, isotopic substitution. Limitations of RR model. Effect of nonrigidity.
- (III) Vibrational spectroscopy or IR spectroscopy: Diatomic molecule as a linear Simple Harmonic Oscillator, Energy expressions, selection rules, fundamental band, Determination of

force constant of the bond. Limitations of SHO model. Effect of anharmonicity, Morse oscillator model, Determination of bond dissociation energies, Explanations of existence of overtones, and hot bands, Applications of IR spectroscopy.

SUGGESTED BOOKS

Text Books:

- 1. Physical Chemistry, G.W. Castellan, Narosa, New Delhi.
- 2. Physical Chemisty, W. J. Moore, Orient Longman, New Delhi.
- 3. Physical Chemistry, P. Atkins, J.D Paula and J. Keeler, Oxford University Press, New York.
- 4. Physical Chemistry: A Molecular Approach, D. A. McQuarrie and J. D. Simon, Viva Book Private Limited, New Delhi.
- 5. Physical Chemistry, T. Engel and P. Reid, Pearson Education, Inc, India.
- 6. Text Book of Physical Chemistry, S. Glasstone, Macmillan India Limited, New Delhi.

Reference Books:

- 7. A Textbook of Physical Chemistry, K. L. Kapoor, McGraw Hill Education, India.
- 8. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, C. N. Banwell, McGraw-Hill Inc.
- 9. Modern Spectroscopy, J. M. Hollas, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.
- 10. Statistical Mechanics, D. A. McQuarrie, Univ Science Books.
- 11. Introduction to Solid State Physics, C. Kittel, Wiley; Wiley India Edition.

MJ12P: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY LAB- IV

Credits 01(30 Hrs.)

- 1. Determination of solubility and concentration solubility product of a sparingly soluble salt (say KHTa) using acid-base titration.
- 2. Determination of partition coefficient of iodine in between organic solvents (CCl₄ or CHCl₃) and water.
- 3. Determination of equilibrium constant for the reaction for reaction $KI(aq) + I_2 = KI_3$ by partition method.
- 4. Determination of coordination number of Cu^{2+} ion in cuprammonium complex in aqueous medium by partition method.

- 5. Determination of upper critical solution temperature (UCST) and the corresponding composition for Phenol-water system.
- 6. Study of phase diagram of a three component system (water, benzene and acetic acid)

SUGGESTED BOOKS

Text Books:

- 1. Practical Workbook Chemistry (Honours), UGBS, Chemistry, University of Calcutta, 2015
- 2. Nad A. K, Mahapatra B. and Ghoshal A., "An Advanced Course In Practical Chemistry", New Central Book Agency (P) Limited, 2014
- 3. Maity S.K. and Ghosh N.K, "Physical Chemistry Practicals", New Central Book Agency (P) Limited, 2012
- 4. Ghosh S., Das Sharma M, Majumder D and Manna S, "Chemistry in Laboratory", Santra Publication Pvt Ltd, 2019

Reference Books:

- 5. Practical Physical Chemistry A.M. James, F.F. Prichard
- 6. Findlay's Practical Physical Chemistry B.P. Levitt
- 7. Experimental Physical Chemistry Shoemaker and Ga
- 8. Viswanathan, B., Raghavan, P.S. Practical Physical Chemistry Viva Book (2009)

MAJOR-13: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-V Credits 04; FM- 75 (Theory-03, Practical-01)

MJ-13T: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-V Credits 03 (Theory: 45 Lectures)

Course contents:

Carbocycles, Logic of Organic Synthesis and Heterocycles, Cyclic Stereochemistry, and Biomolecules

Carbocycles (5 Lectures)

Polynuclear hydrocarbons and their derivatives: synthetic methods include Haworth Bardhan-Sengupta (with mechanistic details); fixation of double bonds and Fries rule; reactions (with mechanism) of naphthalene, anthracene, phenanthrene and their derivatives.

The Logic of Organic Synthesis

(10 Lectures)

Retrosynthetic analysis: disconnections; synthons, donor and acceptor synthons; latent polarity in bifunctional compounds: consonant and dissonant polarity; illogical electrophiles and nucleophiles; synthetic equivalents; C-C disconnections and synthesis: one-group and two-group (1,2- to 1,5-dioxygenated compounds), reconnection (1,6-dicarbonyl); protection-deprotection strategy (alcohol, amine, carbonyl, acid).

Synthetic applications of diethyl malonate (DEM) and ethyl acetoacetate (EAA).

Strategy of ring synthesis: thermodynamic and kinetic factors; synthesis of large rings, application of high dilution technique.

Heterocycles (10 lectures)

Heterocyclic compounds: 5- and 6-membered rings with one heteroatom; reactivity, orientation and important reactions (with mechanism) of furan, pyrrole, thiophene and pyridine; synthesis (including retrosynthetic approach and mechanistic details): pyrrole: Knorr synthesis, Paal-Knorr synthesis, Hantzsch; furan: Paal-Knorr synthesis, Feist- Benary synthesis; thiophenes: Paal-Knorr synthesis; pyridine: Hantzsch synthesis; benzo-fused 5- and 6-membered rings with one heteroatom: reactivity, orientation and important reactions (with mechanistic details) of indole, quinoline and isoquinoline; synthesis (including retrosynthetic approach and mechanistic details): indole: Fischer, Madelung and Reissert; quinoline: Skraup, Friedlander; isoquinoline: Bischler-Napieralski synthesis.

Cyclic Stereochemistry (10 Lectures)

Alicyclic compounds: concept of I-strain; conformational analysis: cyclohexane, mono and disubstituted cyclohexane; symmetry properties and optical activity; topomerisation; ring-size and ease of cyclisation; conformation & reactivity in cyclohexane system: consideration of steric and stereoelectronic requirements; elimination (E2, E1), nucleophilic substitution (SN1, SN2, SNi, NGP), merged substitution-elimination; rearrangements; oxidation of cyclohexanol, esterification, saponification, lactonisation, epoxidation, pyrolytic *syn* elimination and fragmentation reactions.

Bio-molecules (10 Lectures)

Amino acids: synthesis with mechanistic details: Strecker, Gabriel, acetamido malonic ester, azlactone, Büchererhydantoin synthesis, synthesis involving diketopiperazine; isoelectric point, zwitterions; electrophoresis, reaction (with mechanism): ninhydrin reaction, Dakin-West reaction; resolution of racemic amino acids.

Peptides: peptide linkage and its geometry; syntheses (with mechanistic details) of peptides using *N*-protection & C-protection, solid-phase (Merrifield) synthesis; peptide sequence: *C*-terminal and N-terminal unit determination (Edman, Sanger & 'dansyl' methods); partial hydrolysis; specific cleavage of peptides: use of CNBr.

Nucleic acids: pyrimidine and purine bases (only structure & nomenclature); nucleosides and nucleotides corresponding to DNA and RNA; mechanism for acid catalysed hydrolysis of nucleosides (both pyrimidine and purine types); comparison of alkaline hydrolysis of DNA and RNA; elementary idea of double helical structure of DNA (Watson-Crick model); complimentary base-pairing in DNA.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Clayden, J., Greeves, N., Warren, S. *Organic Chemistry*, Second edition, Oxford University Press 2012.
- 2. Eliel, E. L. & Wilen, S. H. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, Wiley: London.
- 3. Nasipuri, D. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, Wiley Eastern Limited.
- 4. Fleming, I. *Molecular Orbitals and Organic Chemical reactions*, Reference/Studen Edition, Wiley, 2009.
- 5. Fleming, I. *Pericyclic Reactions*, Oxford Chemistry Primer, Oxford University Press.

- 6. Gilchrist, T. L. &Storr, R. C. *Organic Reactions and Orbital symmetry*, Cambridge University Press.
- 7. Finar, I. L. *Organic Chemistry (Volume 1)*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 8. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2: Stereochemistry and the Chemistry of Natural Products), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 9. Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. N. *Organic Chemistry*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 10. Loudon, G. M. Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Oxford University Press
- 11. James, J., Peach, J. M. Stereochemistry at a Glance, Blackwell Publishing, 2003.
- 12. Robinson, M. J. T., Stereochemistry, Oxford Chemistry Primer, Oxford University Press, 2005.
- 13. Davis, B. G., Fairbanks, A. J., *Carbohydrate Chemistry*, Oxford Chemistry Primer, Oxford University Press.
- 14. Joule, J. A. Mills, K. Heterocyclic Chemistry, Blackwell Science.
- 15. Acheson, R.M. *Introduction to the Chemistry of Heterocyclic compounds*, John Wiely& Sons (1976).
- 16. Gilchrist, T. L. Heterocyclic Chemistry, 3rd edition, Pearson.
- 17. Davies, D. T., *Heterocyclic Chemistry*, Oxford Chemistry Primer, Oxford University Press.
- 18. Organic Chemistry, Paula Bruice

MJ-13P: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-V (LAB)

Credit 01(30 Hrs.)

A. Chromatographic Separations

- 1. TLC separation of a mixture of two dyes
- 2. Column chromatographic separation of leaf pigments from spinach leaves
- 3. Paper chromatographic separation of a mixture containing 2 amino acids

B. Quantitative Estimations:

Each student is required to perform all the experiments.

- 1. Estimation of glucose by titration using Fehling's solution
- 2. Estimation of sucrose by titration using Fehling's solution

- 3. Estimation of Vitamin-C (reduced)
- 4. Estimation of aromatic amine (aniline) by bromination (Bromate-Bromide) method
- 5. Estimation of phenol by bromination (Bromate-Bromide) method
- 6. Estimation of acetic acid in commercial vinegar

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Arthur, I. V. Quantitative Organic Analysis, Pearson
- 2. *University Hand Book of Undergraduate Chemistry Experiments*, edited by Mukherjee, G. N., University of Calcutta
- 3. *University Hand Book of Undergraduate Chemistry Experiments*, edited by Mukherjee, G. N. University of Calcutta, 2003.
- 4. Furniss, B.S.; Hannaford, A.J.; Smith, P.W.G.; Tatchell, A.R. *Practical Organic Chemistry*, 5th Ed., Pearson (2012).

MAJOR ELECTIVE (DSE)

MAJOR ELECTIVE-2 (OPTION-A): ANALYTICAL METHODS IN CHEMISTRY

Credits 04; FM- 75 (Theory-03, Practical-01)

MJ DSE-2(A) T: ANALYTICAL METHODS IN CHEMISTRY Credits 03 (45 Lectures)

Course contents:

A. Qualitative and quantitative aspects of analysis:

(10 Lectures)

Sampling, evaluation of analytical data, errors, accuracy and precision, methods of their expression, normal law of distribution if indeterminate errors, statistical test of data; F, Q and t-test, rejection of data, and confidence intervals.

B. Optical methods of analysis: (15 Lectures)

Origin of spectra, interaction of radiation with matter, fundamental laws of spectroscopy and selection rules, validity of Beer-Lambert's law.

UV-Visible Spectrometry: Basic principles of instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator and detector) for single and double beam instrument; Basic principles of quantitative analysis: estimation of metal ions from aqueous solution, geometrical isomers, keto-enoltautomers. Determination of composition of metal complexes using Job's method of continuous variation and mole ratio method.

Infrared Spectrometry: Basic principles of instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator & detector) for single and double beam instrument; sampling techniques. Structural illustration through interpretation of data, Effect and importance of isotope substitution.

Flame Atomic Adsorption and Emission Spectroscopy: Basic principle and instrumentation

C. Separation techniques (Chromatography & Ion-Exchange): (12 Lectures)

Solvent extraction: Classification, principle and efficiency of the technique. Mechanism of extraction: extraction by solvation and chelation. Technique of extraction: batch, continuous and counter current extractions. Qualitative and quantitative aspects of solvent extraction: extraction of metal ions from aqueous solution, extraction of organic species from the aqueous and nonaqueous media. Chromatography: Classification, principle and efficiency of the technique.

Mechanism of separation: adsorption, partition & ion exchange. Development of chromatograms: frontal, elution and displacement methods. Qualitative and quantitative aspects of chromatographic methods of analysis: IC, GLC, GPC, TLC and HPLC.

D. Thermal methods of analysis: Theory of thermogravimetry (TG), basic principle of instrumentation, Thermogram of CuSO₄·5H₂O, Ca₂C₂O₄·2H₂O and CaCO₃.

E. Analysis of soil and water:

(8 Lectures)

Analysis of soil: Composition of soil, Concept of pH of soil.

Analysis of water: Definition of pure water, sources responsible for contaminating water, COD, BOD, water purification methods.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Mendham, J., A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Pearson, 2009.
- 2. Willard, H.H. et al.: Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th Ed. Wardsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
- 3. Christian, G.D. Analytical Chemistry, 6th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.
- 4. Harris, D.C.: Exploring Chemical Analysis, 9th Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2016.
- 5. Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry. New Age International Publisher, 2009.
- 6. Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. & Nieman, T.A. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Cengage Learning India Ed.
- 7. Mikes, O. Laboratory Hand Book of Chromatographic & Allied Methods, Elles Harwood Series on Analytical Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, 1979.
- 8. Ditts, R.V. Analytical Chemistry; Methods of separation, van Nostrand, 1974.
- 9. Day, R. A. & Underwood, A. L. Quantitative Analysis, Prentice Hall of India.

MJ DSE-2P: Analytical Methods in Chemistry (Laboratory)

Credits 01 (30 Hrs.)

- 1) Separation of a mixture containing Ni²⁺& Fe²⁺ by complexation with DMG and extracting the Ni²⁺⁻DMG complex in chloroform, and determine its concentration by spectrophotometry.
- 2) Paper chromatographic separation of (i) Ni(II) and Co(II) (ii) Fe(III) and Al(III)
- 3) Analysis of soil: (i) Determination of pH of soil. (ii) Estimation of Calcium, Magnesium and Phosphate.
- 4) Determination of Dissolved Oxygen (DO) of a water sample.
- 5) Determination of pKa values of indicator using spectrophotometry.
- 6) Determination of exchange capacity of cation exchange resin and anion exchange resin.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Mendham, J., A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Pearson, 2009.
- 2. Willard, H.H. et al.: Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th Ed. Wardsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
- 3. Christian, G.D. Analytical Chemistry, 6th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.
- 4. Harris, D.C. Exploring Chemical Analysis, 9th Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2016.
- 5. Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry. New Age International Publisher, 2009.
- 6. Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. and Nieman, T.A. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Cengage Learning India Edition.
- 7. Mikes, O. & Chalmes, R.A. Laboratory Handbook of Chromatographic & Allied Methods, Elles Harwood Ltd. London.
- 8. Ditts, R.V. Analytical Chemistry: Methods of separation. Van Nostrand, New York, 1974.

OR

MAJOR ELECTIVE-2 (OPTION-B): INORGANIC MATERIALS OF INDUSTRIAL IMPORTANCE

Credits 04; FM- 75 (Theory-03, Practical-01)

MJ DSE-2(A) T: ANALYTICAL METHODS IN CHEMISTRY Credits 03 (45 Lectures)

A. General Principles of Metallurgy:

(12 Lectures)

Chief modes of occurrence of metals based on standard electrode potentials. Ellingham diagrams for reduction of metal oxides using carbon and carbon monoxide as reducing agent. Electrolytic Reduction, Hydrometallurgy. Methods of purification of metals: Electrolytic Kroll process, Parting process, van Arkel-de Boer process and Mond's process, Zone refining.

B. Inorganic Polymers: (6 Lectures)

Types of inorganic polymers, comparison with organic polymers, synthesis, structural aspects and applications of silicones and siloxanes. Borazines and phosphazenes.

C. Silicate Glass industry:

(9 Lectures)

Glassy state and its properties, classification (silicate and non-silicate glasses). Manufacture and processing of glass. Composition and properties of the following types of glasses: Soda lime glass, lead glass, armoured glass, safety glass, borosilicate glass, fluorosilicate, coloured glass, photosensitive glass.

D. Fertilizers: (7 Lectures)

Different types of fertilizers. Manufacture of the following fertilizers: Urea, ammonium nitrate, calcium ammonium nitrate, ammonium phosphates; polyphosphate, superphosphate, compound.

E. Cement: (6 Lectures)

.Different types of cement, Chemical composition and properties, Manufacturing of cement, Setting and hardening, Environmental effects.

F. Alloys: (5 Lectures)

Classification of alloys, ferrous and non-ferrous alloys, Specific properties of elements in alloys. Manufacture of Steel (removal of silicon decarbonization, demanganization, desulphurization dephosphorisation) and surface treatment (Ar and heat treatment, nitriding, carburizing). Composition and properties of different types of steels.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Huheey, J. E.; Keiter, E.A. & Keiter, R.L. Inorganic Chemistry, Principles of Structure and Reactivity 4th Ed., Harper Collins 1993, Pearson, 2006.
- 2. E. Stocchi: Industrial Chemistry, Vol-I, Ellis Horwood Ltd. UK.
- 3. R. M. Felder, R. W. Rousseau: Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. W. D. Kingery, H. K. Bowen, D. R. Uhlmann: Introduction to Ceramics, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
- 5. J. A. Kent: Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
- 6. P. C. Jain, M. Jain: Engineering Chemistry, DhanpatRai& Sons, Delhi.
- 7. R. Gopalan, D. Venkappayya, S. Nagarajan: Engineering Chemistry, Vikas Publications, New Delhi.
- 8. Sharma, B.K. & Gaur, H. Industrial Chemistry, Goel Publishing House, Meerut (1996).

MJ DSE-2P: Inorganic Materials of Industrial Importance (Laboratory) Credits 01 (30 Hrs.)

- 1. Estimation of Calcium in Calcium ammonium nitrate fertilizer.
- 2. Estimation of phosphoric acid in superphosphate fertilizer.
- 3. Analysis of (Cu, Zn) in brass.
- 4. Determination of composition of dolomite (by complexometric titration).
- 5. Estimation of available chlorine in bleaching powder.
- 6. Estimation of Fe in cement.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. E. Stocchi: Industrial Chemistry, Vol-I, Ellis Horwood Ltd. UK.
- 2. R. M. Felder, R. W. Rousseau: Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. W. D. Kingery, H. K. Bowen, D. R. Uhlmann: Introduction to Ceramics, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. J. A. Kent: Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
- 5. P. C. Jain, M. Jain: Engineering Chemistry, DhanpatRai& Sons, Delhi.
- 6. R. Gopalan, D. Venkappayya, S. Nagarajan: Engineering Chemistry, Vikas Publications, New Delhi.
- 8. Sharma, B.K. & Gaur, H. Industrial Chemistry, Goel Publishing House, Meerut (1996).

MINOR (MI)

Minor (MI)-6: Inorganic Chemistry-IV & Organic Chemistry-IV Credits 04(FM: 75)

Minor (MI)-6T: Inorganic Chemistry-IV & Organic Chemistry-IV (Theory) Credits 03

Course Content

Inorganic Chemistry-IV

Qualitative and quantitative aspects of analysis

(01 Lecture)

Sampling, errors, accuracy and precision, methods of their expression.

Chromatography (04 Lectures)

Principle of chromatographic methods, column chromatography and thin layer chromatography.

Coordination Chemistry

(10 Lectures)

Concept of double salt, complex salt, Werner's theory, Classification of ligands: chelating ligands and chelate complexes, Valence Bond Theory (VBT): Inner and outer orbital complexes of Fe, Cr, Co, Ni and Cu (coordination numbers 4 and 6). Structural and stereoisomerism in complexes with coordination numbers 4 and 6. Limitation of VBT. IUPAC system of nomenclature (mononuclear complexes only).

Bio-inorganic Chemistry:

(10 Lectures)

A brief introduction to bio-inorganic chemistry: Essential and beneficial elements, major and trace elements, elements. Basic chemical reactions in the biological systems and the role of metal ions (specially Na $^+$, K $^+$, Mg $^{2+}$, Ca $^{2+}$, Fe $^{-2+/-3+}$,Ca $^{+2}$, Cu $^{-4/-2+}$, and Zn $^{2+}$). Di-oxygen (O₂) management protein: Hemoglobin (Hb) (only structure and bio-functions). Toxicity of heavier metal (toxicity of Hg, Cd, Pb, As) and their effects.

Reference Books:

- 1. Banerjee, S. P. A Text Book of Analytical Chemistry, The New Book Stall.
- 2. Gangopadhyay, P. K. Application Oriented Chemistry, Book Syndicate.
- 3. Mondal, A. K & Mondal, S. Degree Applied Chemistry, Sreedhar Publications.
- 4. Huheey, J. E.; Keiter, E.A. & Keiter, R.L. *Inorganic Chemistry, Principles of Structure and Reactivity* 4th Ed., Harper Collins 1993, Pearson, 2006.

- 5. Greenwood, N.N. & Earnshaw A. *Chemistry of the Elements*, Butterworth-Heinemann. 1997.
- 6. Cotton, F.A., Wilkinson, G., Murrillo, C. A., Bochmann, M., *Advanced Inorganic Chemistry* 6th Ed. 1999., Wiley.
- 7. Lippard, S.J. & Derg, J.M. Principles of Bioinorganic Chemistry Panima Publishing Company 1994.

Organic Chemistry-IV

(20 Lectures)

Carboxylic acids and their derivatives

Preparation of Carboxylic acids (aliphatic and aromatic); Reactions: Hell–Vohlard–Zelinsky reaction, Reformatsky reaction, Perkin condensation

Preparation of Carboxylic acid's derivatives: Acid chlorides, Anhydrides, Esters and Amides from acids and their inter-conversion.

Acidic and Alkaline hydrolysis of esters $(B_{AC}^2, A_{AC}^2, A_{AC}^1)$ and A_{AL}^1 .

Nitrogen compounds

Amines: Aliphatic & Aromatic: preparation, separation (Hinsberg's method) and identification of primary, secondary and tertiary amines; reaction (with mechanism): Eschweiler–Clarke methylation, diazo coupling reaction, Mannich reaction; formation and reactions of phenylenediamines, diazomethane and diazoacetic ester.

Molecular Rearrangements

Rearrangement to electron-deficient nitrogen: Hofmann, Curtius, Lossen, Schmidt and Beckmann.

Rearrangement to electron-deficient carbon: Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement, Wolff rearrangement in Arndt-Eistert synthesis, Benzil-Benzilic acid rearrangement

Rearrangement to electron-deficient oxygen: Baeyer-Villiger oxidation, and Dakin reaction.

Reference Books:

- Clayden, J., Greeves, N., Warren, S. *Organic Chemistry*, Second edition, Oxford University Press 2012.
- 2. Sykes, P. A guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education, 2003.

- 3. Smith, J. G. Organic Chemistry, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited.
- 4. Carey, F. A., Guiliano, R. M. *Organic Chemistry*, Eighth edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2012.
- 5. Loudon, G. M. Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 6. Norman, R.O. C., Coxon, J. M. *Principles of Organic Synthesis*, Third Edition, Nelson Thornes, 2003.
- 7. Morrison, R. N. & Boyd, R. N. *Organic Chemistry*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 8. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), Pearson Education.
- 9. Graham Solomons, T.W., Fryhle, C. B. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 10. March, J. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Wiley.

Minor (MI) - 6P: Practical

(30 Lectures)

Section A: Inorganic Chemistry Laboratory

- 1. Paper chromatographic separation of (a) Ni(II) and Co(II) (b) Fe(III) and Al(III)
- 2. Estimation of Ni(II) using dimethylglyoxime (DMG).
- 3. Estimation of total hardness of water by using EDTA
- 4. Estimation of Ca(II) by complexometric titrations using EDTA
- 5. Estimation of Mg(II) by complexometric titrations using EDTA
- 6. Preparation of (a) Mohr's salt (b) Tetraamminecarbonatocobalt (III) ion

Section B: Organic Chemistry Lab

Quantitative Estimations

- 1. Estimation of glucose by titration using Fehling's solution
- 2. Estimation of vitamin-C (reduced)
- 3. Estimation of aromatic amine (aniline) by bromination (Bromate-Bromide) method
- 4. Estimation of phenol by bromination (Bromate-Bromide) method

Reference Books:

- 1. Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. *Senior Practical Physical Chemistry*, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).
- 2. Ghosal, Mahapatra & Nad, *An Advanced Course in Practical Chemistry*, New Central Book Agency.
- 3. *University Hand Book of Undergraduate Chemistry Experiments*, edited by Mukherjee, G. N. University of Calcutta, 2003.
- 4. Das, S. C., Chakraborty, S. B., Practical Chemistry.